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Elberta Peaches Kelly Bros. Nurseries
DANSVILLE, N.Y.
1913

To Our Patrons and Friends:

We wish to thank you for your past patronage and hope to merit a continuance of the same in the future. We guarantee to save you from 40 to 60% by buying direct from us and invite you to visit us and see the stock growing.

The Kelly Brothers have been growing trees for 27 years and all that time they have grown the stock they offered for sale, and they have been so determined to put out nothing but the best trees, healthy and strong, true to name and free from San Jose scale, that they have succeeded in establishing a reputation for honesty and square dealing all over the United States among the firms and individuals they have dealt with.

Their trees are grown in the Genesee valley, the best locality in the world for raising nursery stock, they have a large frost-proof brick packing house, and they will give the closest attention to orders whether large or small. They believe this of benefit to both fruit-grower and themselves, and it is quite certain if testimonials as to their reliability and promptness of attention to orders are required they can be secured from every business man and every reputable citizen in Dansville.

The Kelly Brothers offer the best trees that can be grown, they are true to name, and a fair price has been put on them so that a purchaser will know when he makes a purchase that he will get what he wants and at a moderate price.

—Dansville Express, Sept. 26, 1912.

To those who intend placing large orders we invite you to call personally and see our stock. We believe this will be an advantage to you, as you can then select the trees you believe suitable for your orchard.

Important to Tree Buyers

Our Beginning

We started in the nursery business twenty-seven years ago. From the beginning our motto

has been "the best at the lowest possible price."

Unlike many nurseries, we have no agents and for that reason, by buying of us, you save the nts' large commissions. This is a big item, as oftentimes this commission adds as high as

50% to the cost of the stock.

Believing that poor stock is dear at any cost, and wishing to build up a reputation that would make our name a by-word for reliability and straightforward dealing, we have attempted to produce only first class nursery stock. We believe that we have succeeded and can refer to satisfied customers everywhere to prove that our reputation is well merited.

Our Stock

Our stock is all high-grade, well-rooted, mature and healthy. It is grown in Dansville, where San Jose scale and other blights have never made their appearance. Our stock is propagated by experts in the nursery business under the best of conditions. If you buy of us you can be certain of getting stock that is true to name and will be all that we have claimed for it.

We have gradually increased and improved our equipment until we believe that no other nursery has better facilities for serving you. In placing all orders with us you will be convinced

of that fact.

Our Guarantee

We guarantee to every purchaser that all trees and plants sent out shall be true to name as labeled, or should anything prove otherwise, we will refund the purchase price or will replace such stock with correct varieties. We want you to feel that we are interested in all the stock you purchase from us, and if there should be any mistake on our part we want you to call our attention of the purchase from the purchase from us, and if there should be any mistake on our part we want you to call our attention. tion to it at once, and we will adjust it to your satisfaction, as we want all of our customers satisfied so they can recommend us to their neighbors and friends.

STATE OF NEW YORK

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Certificate of Inspection of Nursery Stock

Chis is to Certify that the stock in the nursery of Kelly Brothers, of Dansville, County of Livingston, State of New York, was duly examined in compliance with the provisions of Section 305 of the Agricultural Law and it was found to be apparently free from any contagious or infectious disease or diseases, or the San Jose Scale or other dangerously injurious insect pest or pests. This certificate expires September 1st, 1913. Dated, Albany, N. Y., September 1, 1912.

No. 128.

CALVIN J. HUSON, Commissioner of Agriculture.

Our References

As to our responsibility and reliability we would ask our prospective customers to inquire of Dun's and Bradstreet's Commercial Agencies; Merchants & Farmers National Bank, Dansville, N. Y.; The Citizens Bank of Dansville, N. Y.

See what our home people think of us.

We the undersimed wish team that we have been the control of the property of the

We, the undersigned, wish to say that we have known the Kelly Brothers for several years and have watched the steady increase in their business, until today they are one of the largest grow-

ers of fruit trees in Dansville.

We believe their success is due to their thorough knowledge of the business and their square dealing with their customers, and it is with pleasure we recommend them to the planter and fruit grower.

Wm. Kramer, Pres. of Merchants & Farmers' Bank J. M. Edwards, Cashier of Merchants & Farmers' Bank

F. A. Owen, Pres. F. A. Owen Publishing Co.

All of Dansville, N. Y.

How to Order

Make out your order carefully on order sheet in the back of this Catalogue. Write the varieties plainly and set down the prices accurately. Specify clearly the grade and size of trees desired.

Indicate plainly how you want the stock shipped, whether by freight, express or mail. If by freight or express, give the name of your railroad station, also your own P. O. address. When specific instructions are not given we shall use our best judgment. We pack in such a manner that all stock (*) will ship safely to most distant points by freight. In all cases articles are at the risk of purchasers after being shipped.

*Strawberries are always shipped by Express or Mail.

Rates. We allow ten rates on lots of five or more of the same variety, and hundred rates on lots of fifty or more of the same kind, provided that the lot is composed of not less than ten of any one variety. Lots composed of less than ten of a variety will be charged at ten rates, and lots less than five of a variety at single rates. Different kinds such as thirty apple and twenty plum cannot be taken together so as to make hundred rates. The lot must be of one kind as fifty

apple or fifty plum.

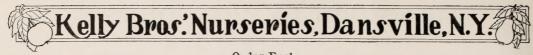
We frequently have customers who like to see the trees before buying, therefore we invite our customers, and those interested in planting trees to visit us and they can then make their selection of varieties, grades etc. which we believe will be quite satisfactory to them. We would also recommend placing your order early so that we can reserve the stock for you and thus avoid

disappointment later on, and if you prefer you may send your remittance when you want the stock shipped. This we consider a very satisfactory plan.

Terms. Cash with order except in large orders when satisfactory references are given, and then the order must be accompanied by one-fourth cash and shipment will be made C. O. D.

C. O. D. Orders. We will ship C. O. D. providing one-fourth cash is sent with order and

exchange is paid by the purchaser.



Order Early

As our orders are shipped in the rotation they are received—first come, first served, we cannot delay orders received first for orders coming later requiring immediate attention. If for any special reason it is necessary that an order be shipped on a specified date, make a note on the order and we will comply with the request if possible.

How to Remit

Remittances should be made by Post-Office Money order, drafts on New York banks, or Express Money orders. We disclaim all responsibility when remittances are not made as above directed. Postage stamps will be found a convenient method of remitting for amounts less than one dollar, and can be used by us to advantage. Coin should not be sent by mail.

Our Shipping Season

We pack and ship all winter to Southern states, our regular Spring packing and shipping season usually opens here about the first of March, and continues into the month of May. The planting season is not regulated by any particular month or day, nor by the state of vegetation where the planting is to be done, but by the condition of the trees to be planted. Hence, trees can be sent with safety from Dansville, N. Y., to localities several degrees south, even if they do not arrive until the ordinary transplanting season in that locality is passed.

How We Ship Orders

Trees, Shrubs and Plants can be sent only by freight or express at purchaser's expense. Our goods are now carried by express companies at a discount of 20% from the regular rates for merchandise. Small plants and seeds can be sent by mail, if desired. In the absence of explicit shipping directions, consignments will be made according to our best judgment.

No Charge for Packing

No charge is made for boxes or packing, nor for delivery to Freight Depot or Express office here.

How We Correct Errors

We exercise the utmost care in filling orders, striving to do a little more than we offer; yet in the press of business, errors sometimes occur, in which event we wish to be promptly notified of the fact, and will make such corrections as will be satisfactory. Please keep copies of all orders for comparison.

A Table Showing the Number of Trees or Plants to the Acre

	Dis	stance		No.	of trees		Dis	stance		No.	of trees		Dis	tance		No. o	f trees
1	foot	apart	each	way	43,650	8	"	6.6	"	66	680	15	"	4.6	6.6	6.6	193
2	feet	- "	6.6	"	10,890	9	"	6.6	66	6.6	537	16	6.6	6.6	6.6	66	170
3		"	66	"	4,840	10	"	"	"	6.6	434	17	66	6.6	6.6	66	150
4	"	"	6.6	66	2,702	11	"	"	"	"	360	18	"	6.6	6.6	6.6	134
5		66	6.6	66	1,742	12	"	"	66	4.6	302	19	"	6.6	6.6	6.6	120
6	"		6.6	6.6	1,210	13	"	6.6	6.6	"	257	20	"	"	6.6	4.6	108
7	"	"	"	"	888	14	6.6	6.6	"	6.6	222	25	6.6	6.6	6.6	4.6	69
												30	66	6.6	6.6	6.6	48

Distances for Planting

Standard Apples	40	ft.	apart	each	way
Standard Apples	20	"	1 66	66	"
Duke and Morello Cherries	18	"	6.6	6.6	6.6
Standard Plums, Peaches, Apricots & Nectarines	16 to 18	66	66	6.6	66
Dwarf Pears, Dwarf Apples and Quinces	10 to 12	"	6.6	"	66
Grapes	.rows of 10 to 16 feet apart;	7 to	o 16 ft	t. in	rows
Currants and Gooseberries			4	feet a	apart
Raspberries and Blackberries	3 to	4 ft	. by 5	to 7	feet
Strawberries, for field culture		1	by 3 t	031/2	feet
Strawberries, for garden culture		1	to 2:	feet a	part

Hints for Proper Planting

To properly plant a tree or shrub is a very easy matter if one will carefully follow these rules: First—Dig the holes large enough to admit the roots spread out in their natural position, and deep enough to allow the plant to stand at the same depth it stood in the nursery. More trees are lost by deep planting than by shallow.

lost by deep planting than by shallow.

Second—Use no fertilizer, but sprinkle fine soil among the roots, shaking the tree a little if necessary, or using the hand, if the fibrous root are very numerous, so that every root may come

in contact with the soil.

Third—When the roots are well covered, the earth should be tramped, or tamped, as firm as a post. Put in more earth and tamp again. The last two or three inches of earth should not be tamped, leaving it loose for the rain to be taken in. Do not round up the earth about the tree, lest the water run off. If the weather is dry early in fall or late in the spring, water may be poured in about the tree; otherwise it is seldom necessary.

Fourth—Give the tree a good mulching to hold the moisture.





Apples

Experienced orchardists in every part of the country agree that there is more money in growing apples than in any other fruit. Fancy prices are obtainable in almost every market and many fruit growers find it very profitable to specialize in the growth of this fruit. Of course, success in the production of apples, as in other fruits, depends largely on obtaining first-class, hardy stock. Our trees have the reputation of being the best grown in the North. We use nothing but the very best quality of apple stock to propagate our apples on. We believe this to be of very great importance so that the tree will have a good foundation, being free from all diseases which will insure a healthy and permanent growth. Under those conditions we have no hesitancy in recommending our apples to the small or larger planters because we exercise all possible care to have all varieties strictly true to name, so that in the end there will be no disappointment to customers, as our satisfied customers are our best advertisement. We can recommend the following varieties of which we give a brief description. You will also note our very low prices on apples this season. We have a large quantity of these and are pleased to give our customers the benefit.

Prices on all Varieties of Apple, 2 year

				EACH	TEN	HUNDRED
Largest size	2 year	6 to 7 feet	XXX	25c	\$2.40	21.00
Medium size	2 year	5 to 6 feet	XX	20c	1.75	16.00
Smaller size	2 year	4 to 5 feet	X	15c	1.40	11.00

Summer Apples

Red Astrachan. Tree hardy and good bearer. Fruit very handsome, large, round, nearly covered with deep crimson, overspread with thick bloom; juicy and good, though rather acid; one of the best of the summer varieties for cooking. The fruit usually sells for a good price in local markets. Ripens in August.

Early Harvest. (Yellow Harvest). Medium to large; pale yellow; beautiful; fine flavor. Tree moderate, erect grower, good bearer; excellent variety for both orchard and garden. Ripens in August.

of good size; skin clear white, turning to a pale yellow; flavor acid and very good. Ripens from ten days to two weeks earlier than Early Harvest. One of the most popular market varieties. Ripens in August.

Autumn Apples

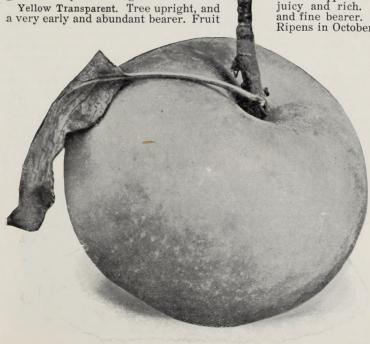
Duchess of Oldenburg. Vigorous growth; Russian; large; striped; tender, juicy, sub-acid; good; regular and abundant bearer. One of the hardiest kinds known. Ripens in September.

Fall Pippin. Very large; yellow, tender, juicy and rich. Tree a vigorous, free grower and fine bearer. An excellent baking apple. Ripens in October.

Fameuse (Snow Apple). Hardy, medium size; deep crimson; flesh is snowy white, tender, melting and delicious. Tree vigorous with dark wood; one of the finest dessert fruits, and valuable for market; succeeds particularly well in the North. Ripens in Nov.

Gravenstein. An apple of excellent quality. For culinary purposes it is perhaps unexcelled by any variety of its season. Fruit large and uniform in size, skin thin, tender, greenishyellow overlaid with dark red. Ripens in September.

Maiden's Blush. Of uniformly large size, smooth, round, beautifully flushed with red on creamy yellow ground; flesh tender, of pleasant but not high flavor. A good market sort because of its attractiveness and the tree's heavy crops. Ripens in September.



Rhode Island Greening



Baldwin

Wealthy. Fruit medium size, light color, striped and nearly covered with deep red; flesh white, pleasant, sub-acid. Tree thrifty, hardy and a great and early annual bearer. Orchardists who wish to plant fillers between the permanent trees consider Wealthy one of the best varieties. Keeps until February.

Winter Apples

Baldwin. What the Bartlett pear is to pears, the Baldwin is to apples for the Eastern and Middle States. No variety yields larger crops or bears shipment better, or is more attractive in color, size and shape than the Baldwin. It is esteemed as an eating apple, and for cooking. For a commercial orchard it can be relied upon. Large, bright red, crisp, juicy and rich; tree vigorous, upright, and productive. In New England, New York, Ontario and Michigan, this is one of the most popular and profitable sorts for table or market. Keeps until April.

Northern Spy. Large, roundish, striped red. Flesh tender and juicy with a rich delicious

Flesh tender and juicy with a rich delicious flavor, long keeper, and one of the best for commercial orchard planting; one of the best known and most highly esteemed apples grown. January to June.

Winter Banana. Fine, vigorous grower, large healthy foliage; early bearer. Fruit medium to large, smooth and handsome, golden yellow usually shaded with red blush; flesh fine grained, rich, sub-acid, aromatic; highest quality. One of the best dessert

apples. A valuable market variety. Keeps until January.

Gano. Similar but superior to Ben Davis. It has all the good qualities in a higher degree, more brilliant coloring, runs more even in size, and keeps fully as late. The tree is vigorous and hardy; is a rapid grower; bears while young. Color bright red without stripes or blotches, and large and even in size. Keeps until March.

Pewaukee. Tree spreading, round topped and vigorous. Fruit large, yellowish green, striped and shaded with dull red, overlaid with a bluish bloom. Flesh yellowish, rather coarse grained, firm, juicy; flavor sub-acid. Originated by crossing Duchess of Oldenburg with Northern Spy pollen. Keeps until March.

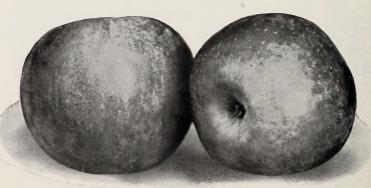
Wolf River. Very large; beautiful red in the sun, on a yellow ground; strong grower and a good bearer. Original tree in Wisconsin is forty years old, very healthy and extremely hardy. Keeps until March.

McIntosh Red. Medium to large, bright deep red; flesh white, slightly tinted pink, very tender, highly perfumed and delicious; a seedling of Fameuse. Tree a vigorous grower, long lived and productive. It is popular in the North Atlantic states and in Canada. Keeps until February.

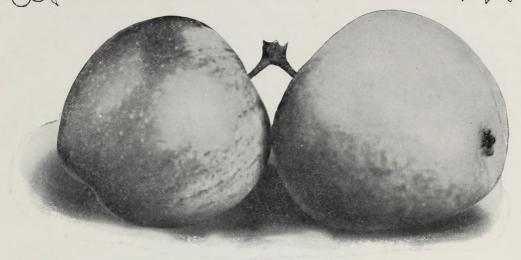
Wagener. Vigorous growth; medium to large, yellow and crimson; juicy and sub-acid; very good. Keeps until March.

Sutton Beauty. Medium to large; roundish; handsome, waxen yellow, striped crimson; flesh tender, juicy, sub-acid; good quality; keeps well. The tree is a free grower and very productive. Keeps until February.

Ben Davis. Large, handsome, striped; a valuable late keeper. It is hardy and attractive, succeeds wherever apples are grown. There is no apple that has more favor on account of its hardiness, productiveness, beauty and endurance in shipping. It is excellent for cooking. There are better apples, but where Ben Davis



Northern Spy



Ben Davis

succeeds one can be sure of success, owing to its regular and heavy bearing. Keeps until March.

Spitzenburg (Esopus). Medium to large; deep red, high flavored; valuable for commercial purposes. November to April.

Walbridge. Fruit red striped; very attractive when colored; flesh crisp; hardy and productive, a late keeper. November to May.

Bismarck. An attractive apple, making a record for hardiness and fruiting at a very early age; the fruit is of large size, specimens have been grown weighing nearly two pounds each; fruit golden yellow, splashed with red; flesh tender.

Grimes' Golden. Vigorous grower; large; golden yellow; juicy, sprightly sub-acid; very good. Keeps until April.

Hubbardston (Nonesuch). Free growth; large, striped red and yellow; tender, juicy, rich, slightly sub-acid; very good. Keeps until January.

Jonathan. Fruit medium, roundish; skin yellow, covered with dark or lively red; fine grained, very tender and finely flavored; tree slender and spreading with light-colored shoots. Keeps until April.

King (King of Tompkins Co.) One of the largest red winter apples. It is of extraordinary size, beautiful in color, attractive, and always brings the highest market price. Its size,

beauty and good flavor make it in great demand. Nov. to March.

Mammoth Black Twig. Excels Winesap in nearly every important point; a better grower, hardier, and the fruit much larger; color even a darker red; flesh firmer; flavor milder, but fully equal. Keeps until late Spring.

Northwestern Greening. Tree a splendid, vigorous grower, quite hardy. Fruit large to very large; green, becoming yellowish green when ripe; flesh yellow, fine grained and firm; flavor a good sub-acid; very smooth and attractive; should be given plenty of room in the orchard to secure large, even fruit. Keeps until March.

Rhode Island Greening. Large, greenish yellow; tender, juicy and rich, with rather an acid flavor; growing strong and spreading, and an abundant bearer. Keeps until April.

Stark. A large, dull, greenish-yellow, coarse grained apple, but of good quality; a fairly good annual-bearing orchard tree with strong, tough branches. Keeps until January.

Tolman Sweet. Medium, pale yellow, slightly tinged with red; firm, rich and very sweet; the most valuable baking apple; vigorous, hardy and productive. Keeps until April.

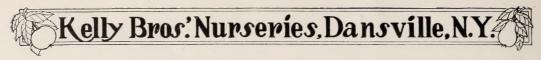
York Imperial. Medium size; whitish shaded with crimson. Flesh firm, crisp, juicy, pleasant, mild sub-acid. Tree vigorous and a good bearer. One of the most valuable for commercial orchards. Nov. to Feb.

Crab Apples

Besides producing much sought after fruit the crab apple tree is excellent for ornamental purposes. It will grow in any kind of soil and will bear every year. The Crab apple is a prime favorite with the housewife for jellies and preserves. Many people prefer it to any other fruit for that purpose. We have the following varieties:

Transcendent. Remarkably vigorous, growing to a good size, and immensely productive. Bears a little the second year from plantingand every year after, and produces good crops

by the fourth year. The best of its class for cooking and eating; juicy and crisp. Skin yellow, striped with red. One of the best Crab Apples to plant. Ripens in September.



Hyslop. Almost as large as Early Strawberry Apple; deep crimson; very popular on account of its large size, beauty and hardiness. Keeps well into the Winter.

Whitney. Large, averaging 1½ to 2 inches in diameter; skin smooth, glossy green, striped, splashed with carmine; flesh firm, juicy and rich. Vigorous, handsome.

Our One Year Old Apples



Northwestern Greening

Our one year apple are budded on imported French stocks, are strong, healthy and well rooted. Many commercial planters prefer these to two year old trees, as they have less loss in transplanting and can shape the head of the tree according to their own idea or preference. This gives them a decided advantage, as some prefer high and some low headed orchard trees.

Many of our customers write us that it is more satisfactory to them for the above stated reasons, however an orchard planted with 1 yr. old trees requires more care the first season after planting than where 2 or 3 yr. old trees are used, for it is necessary to keep the bodies clean from branches and the head properly formed. We believe the most important advantage in planting 1 yr. trees is that you get a more perfect stand which is a decided saving for the planter.

Our one year trees do not run tall as do those grown in the South but we believe them to be more hardy and better for the planter. Our one year trees are graded into two sizes, 3 to 5 ft. and 2 to 3 ft., each size full and strong. Prices on 1 yr., 3 to 5 ft., 18c. each, \$1.70 per 10, \$14.00 per 100. 1 yr. 2 to 3 ft., 14c. each, \$1.30 per 10, \$11.00 per 100.

We have a good stock of the following varieties; Baldwin, R. I. Greening, Northern Spy, Stayman's Winesap, McIntosh Red, Wealthy, Wagener, Duchess of Oldenburg, Ben Davis and Gano.

Rochester, N. Y., Jan. 8, 1913.

Kelly Bros., Dansville, N. Y.
Gentlemen:—I wish to compliment you on the character of the trees which I bought of you last year. I found them all you represented them to be and in all cases they were true to name.
Wishing you a properous year, I am,
Sincerely yours,
Chas. H. Hebing.





Pears

While fruit experts agree that apples are the most important fruit of the world, these same While fruit experts agree that apples are the most important fruit of the world, these same authorities will tell you that if produced under the right conditions there is no better fruit to grow than pears. Compared to apples, there are few really fine pears on the market. Growers who would specialize in this fruit and produce the best varieties, would be well repaid for their efforts. The high prices obtainable for choice pears attest the truth of such an assertion. There are thousands of people who prefer pears to any other fruit, and they are able and willing to pay well for the best varieties. Our pears are all budded on imported French stock which gives them an excellent root system. At present we have a good supply of the following varieties: ing varieties:

Prices for all Varieties of Standard Pear Trees

				EACH	TEN	HUNDRED
Largest size	2 year	6 to 7 feet	XXX	24c	\$2.25	\$19.00
Medium size	2 year	5 to 6 feet	XX	18c	1.65	15.00
Smaller size	2 year	4 to 5 feet	X	12c	1.00	9.00

Summer Pears

Bartlett. Rich golden-yellow when ripe, often with a soft blush; large, thin-skinned; buttery and melting, with a rich musky flavor. Tree a strong grower, bears young and abundantly, but requires careful cultivation to bring it up to its highest excellence. Probably more highly esteemed for canning and shipping than any other. Succeeds best as standard, but does well as dwarf. An old favorite. When planting orchards of standard Bartlett, it is recommended that dwarf Bartlett or dwarf Anjou be used for fillers since it greatly ingreases the profit. fillers, since it greatly increases the profit. In planting dwarf pears, they should be set into the ground deeper than the standard trees, the union should be 4 to 5 inches below the surface.

Clapp's Favorite. Large, fine; pale lemonyellow, with brown dots; fine texture, melting, buttery, juicy, with a rich, sweet, delicate, vinous flavor. Tree hardy and very productive.

Wilder (Summer variety). Medium to small, greenish yellow with a brownish red cheek; melting, sweet and very pleasant; tree a vigorous grower and good bearer.

Autumn Pears

Anjou (Beurre de). This is one of the best known, most popular and profitable pear. The tree is a vigorous grower, hardy and prolific. The pears are of large size, green in color, but

often yellowing when thoroughly ripe. They are very juicy and luscious and of the best quality. For late fall and very early winter use, we have no better variety. Oct. to Jan.



Clapp's Favorite

and delicious. Tree vigorous, erect and hand-some, bears well and should be more largely planted. October.

Duchess d'Angouleme. A most dependable cropper, often fruiting the first season after planting. Fruit large, frequently weighing a pound. A dull greenish yellow, spotted russet, flesh white, rich and good quality. An all around profitable market pear. Oct. and Nov.

This fine old Flemish Beauty. pear is still one of the hardiest and most generally successful over a wide range of country, producing good crops annually of large, handsome fruit that is expectionally good in quality. Considered one of the hardiest and best for the northwest in which location it bears great crops of perfect fruit.

Kieffer. Large, rich golden yellow, sometimes tinted red on the sun-exposed side; fair quality, excellent for canning. It has become a profitable market variety on account of its good shipping and keeping qualities. To properly ripen should remain on the trees until leaves begin to gather then carefully and allow to ripen in a cool uark cellar, of even tempera-Tree a ture. vigorous grower, an early bearer, one of the most resistant to blight, very prolific, and widely plantthroughout ed the country. The tree is so hardy and free from insect pests as to give it greater value than most other varieties. The fruit is of high color and great beauty and sells more readily than beauty and sells more readily than fruits of better quality. Some praise it very highly, while others do not think so much of it, but large fruit-growers are planting whole orchards of it. Fruits should be thinned. Ninety per cent Kieffer and ten per cent Le Conte or Garber should always be the arrangement, on account of pollenizing. The most practical sort for commercial Pear orchards. Oct. to Nov.

A beautiful and delicious little Pear that is the standard of excellence in its class. One of the richest and highest flavored Pears known, always in demand for desserts and luncheons and better known than any Pear of its class. The tree makes a somewhat slow but stout and erect growth. Sept. and Oct.

Worden-Seckel. This beautiful and delicious pear attracted wide attention when introduced recently. In quality it is rated very high. In size it is much larger than Seckel. It is shaped like Bartlett but is not as large. A tree of this beautiful pear is an object of beauty on the home ground when laden with beautiful specimens. Oct. Lawrence. Trees hardy,

healthy and very pro-ductive. Fruit large; skin yellow, covered with brown spots. Flesh whitish, rich, buttery, and aromatic. One of the quality pears that has great merit for commercial orchards.

Garber. Trees free from blight and immensely productive. Fruit large, resembling Kieffer, but ripening two or three weeks earlier. Oct. Dec.

Vermont Beauty. hardy and vigorous. Fruit round, of medium size; skin yellow, nearly covered with carmine-pink; flesh melting and rich. Oct-

Louise Bonne de Jersey. Large size, pale green in the shade but overspread with brownish red in the sun; very juicy and melting with a rich and excellent flavor. Good commercial sort. tember to October.

Barseckel. A cross between Bartlett and Seckel. Vigorous, upright grower. Fruit large, smaller than Bartlett, ripening later. Skin pale green; flesh fine grained, melting and juicy.

TO OTHER FRUIT GROWERS:

Downington, Pa., Jan. 4, 1913

I went up to Dansville Oct. 20, 1912 with the intention of staying to see my trees dug and shipped. After a couple of days of looking around, I decided to place my order of some 6000 trees with Kelly Brothers as they had the varieties I wanted and large blocks to select from. Most of all they would begin at once on my order. The trees came in time to plant in the fall and they were most carefully packed. I am also satisfied that my varieties are true to name as I know the standard varieties I use by their characteristics.

Bartlett

CHARLES G. CRAWFORD, Horticulturist.







Kiefter

Dwarf Pears

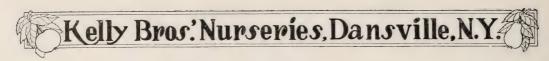
Pears are dwarfed by budding on Quince Stocks, and trees should be planted deep enough to cover the union of Pear and Quince. Dwarfs come into bearing earlier than Standards, sometimes bearing a good crop the second year. All varieties of Pears do not give good results as dwarfs. We can recommend the following varieties to be good bearers. These we offer in 1 year trees only.

Price of Dwarf Pear Trees One Year Old

	EACH	TEN	KUNDRED
4 to 5 feet	15c	\$1.35	\$12.00
3 to 4 feet	12c	1.20	10.00

Varieties as follows: Bartlett, Kieffer, Clapp's Favorite, Beurre d'Anjou, Duchess d'Angouleme, Wilder Early.





Our Bargain Sized Trees

Many planters prefer to plant the small sized trees as it reduces the cost of investment, and in all cases they report success in transplanting this grade, the fibers on the roots are small and readily adhere to the ground and make a rapid growth the first year. The small sized trees we offer on this page are all strictly first class according to their grade, healthy and well rooted, and we do not think you will make any mistake in ordering these. We have a good supply of Apple, Pear, Peach, Cherry and Plum at these special low prices.

Price for all Varieties of Apple Trees

The state of		01/4	- F T4		EACH	TEN	HUNDRED
Bargain size Baldwin Duchess of Old. Ben Davis Bismarck Maiden's Blush Wealthy Pewaukee Red Astrachan Wagener	McIntosh Gano Fall Pippin Hub. Nonesuch Wolfe River Talman Sweet King R. I. Greening Gen. Grant	3/ ₂ ti	Northern Spy York Imp. Sutton Beauty Trans. Crab Early Harvest M. B. Twig Winesap Spitzenberg		Stark Graven Yel. Tonath N. W.	r Banana nstein ransparent	\$8.00
	Price for al	l V ari	eties of Cherr	•			
Bargain size	2 year	3 to 5	feet	EA 8	C H C	TEN \$.70	HUNDRED \$6.00
Early Richmond L. Montmorency May Duke Bing	Ostheime Clivet Dyehouse Windsor		En. Morello Napoleon Blk. Tartarian Lambert	1	Gov. V Schmid Yellow		
	Price for al	1 Vari	eties of Plum	Trees			
Bargain size	2 year 3 to	o 4 feet	!	_	.CH Oc S	TEN .	HUNDRED \$7.50
German Prune Shippers Pride Blue Damson	Shrop. Damson Bradshaw Lombard		Abundance Geuii Red June		Monare Burbar	eh	4,100
	Price for all	Varie	ties of Standa	ard Pe	ars		
Bargain size	2 year	3 to 5	feet	EACH 10c		TEN 6. 90	HUNDRED \$7.50
Kieffer Wilder Early Flemish Beauty	Sheldon B. D. A Bartlett			Cla Sec	app's Favo ckel ch. d' Ang	orite	φ7.30
	Prices for	r all V	Varieties of Pe	aches			
D : G:		# T/ 4 -	21/ f 4 XXX		EACH	TEN	HUNDRED
Bargain Size Elberta Greensboro Kalamazoo Champion	1 year Carman Beers Smock Hiley Fitzgerald	1/2 10	2½ feet Whips Yellow St. Jol Late Crawford Early Crawford Gold Drop	h n	7c Niagar Chairs Crosby Hills C	Choice	\$4.50

For description of varieties see general heading.





Peaches

For many years it was the popular opinion that peaches would thrive in only certain sections of the country. We know better now. With one or two exceptions it has been shown that this fruit can be grown at a good profit in every state in the Union. Peaches can be grown on any soil that will produce the average yield of farm crops and are especially adapted to the lighter soils. Careful cultivation and intelligent pruning will work wonders in the production of peaches. If properly cared for, the trees are sure to bring in a handsome return on your investment. As in other fruits it is imperative, however, that your trees are of the best stock. It is very important that wood growth on peach trees is well ripened and that they have a good and sufficient quantity of fibrous roots so they will withstand the hot sun and drought that may occur after planting. Thousands of trees are lost this way by the planter. This season we have a very good stock of hardy Northern grown trees, with well ripened wood and an excellent root system and we make the lowest possible price consistent with the quality of the stock. We have an exceptionally large supply of Elberta this season and would invite prospective planters to call an exceptionally large supply of Elberta this season and would invite prospective planters to call and see our trees.

Prices for all Varieties of Peach Trees

			EACH	IEN	HUNDRED
Largest size	5 to 7 feet	Extra	15c	\$1.25	\$11.00
Medium size	4 to 5 feet	XXX	12c	1.00	9.00
Smaller size	3 to 4 feet	XX	10c	.90	8.00
	1½ to 2½ feet	X	.06	.50	4.50

Beers' Smock. Medium to large, round: creamy-white with dark red blush; flesh yellow, tender and rich; good quality; a good com-

mercial peach.

Carman. Middle to end of July. Fruit large and broad, oval shaped, yellowish white; flesh creamy white with red tinge, flavor spicy and good. Especially suited to low, wet land, where other sorts will not thrive. Very hardy, and productive every year. A good shipper; quite satisfactory in commercial orchards. Freestone.

Chair's Choice. Deep yellow, red cheek; firm; a few days earlier than Smock.

Crawford's Early. A large, yellow peach of splendid quality; strong grower and prolific fruiter. No other variety has been so extensively planted.

Crawford's Late. Superb yellow peach of large size and excellent quality; great bearer. One of the finest late varieties.

Elberta. Unsurpassed as a valuable, large, beautiful peach of good quality. The best orchard variety. Valuable for planting in

garden.

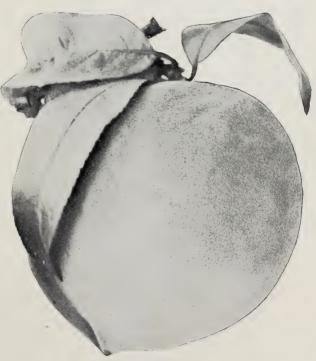
Elberta is hardier in bud than many varieties, therefore a uniform cropper. Fruit is large, yellow, with red cheek, juicy and high flavored, flesh yellow; freestone. Season medium early, following quick upon early Crawford.

Crosby. This is considered the best variety introduced for years, and is being extensively planted through New England where hardiness is essential. Tree low and spreading. Fruit of medium size, and the slightly flettered with roundish slightly flattened, with a distinct seam on the blossom end Not so acid as most yellow peachest

Hiley. Large white with high color on sunny side; long keeper and good shipper. stone, hardy in fruit bud.

Hill's Chili. Hardy, vigorous and productive; of a medium size; oval, with a slight suture; deep yellow, shaded with dark red; flesh deep yellow, red at the stone; freestone.

Gold Drop. Large, good quality, hardy; a profitable market sort; follows Late Crawford.





Early Crawford

Greensboro. Large, beautifully colored, bright red over yellow; flesh white; good quality, good commercial sort. July.

Niagara. Large, yellow and red; fine quality; as good as Crawford and a more dependable bearer. Very extensively grown in Western New York. Follows Early Crawford.

Kalamazoo. Large yellow, with mottled blush; sweet and mild: very productive; a good commercial sort.

Yellow St. John. A desirable peach for home use and profitable for market; orange-yellow, with dark, rich red on sun-exposed side; quality good. Tree strong and vigorous. One week earlier than Early Crawford.

Fitzgerald. Origin Canada. Fully equal to Crawford Early in size, quality and color, with much smaller pit; a very early bearer, often when two years from bud; extra hardy, succeeding in Canada and in Michigan perfectly; fruit large, brilliant yellow with red cheek; highest quality; ripens after Crawford's Early. Freestone.

Champion. First of August. Fruit large, creamy white, with red cheek; sweet, juicy, very high quality, and splendid. Good shipper; its fault, if anything, is that it is too tender. Hardy and productive. Free.

Foster. This variety originated near Boston, Mass., and its popularity has spread over many States. The tree is productive. The fruit is large deep red, especially on the sunny side. The flesh is yellow and very rich and juicy. It has a sub-acid flavor which is very agreeable. It ripens in September and is freestone.

Stump (or Stump the World) Very large, roundish. The skin is white with a bright red cheek. The flesh is white, juicy and good. The tree is vigorous and productive. Ripens near the end of September and is freestone.

If there is any one class of fruit trees that receives special attention at Kelly Brothers nurseries, it is Peach trees. We exercise the greatest care to have our varieties strictly true to name and by our method of cultivation we get a moderate healthy limb growth and with our climate here get a shorter tree but much more hardy, prepared to withstand the severe weather of the winter.

No matter where you buy Peach trees you cannot get better ones than you will get from Kelly Brothers. We wish every customer or interested person would come to our nursery and see our clean, healthy, beautiful trees. We have never been troubled with Peach Yellows or San Jose scale in this vicinity.

We wish to impress upon our customers the importance of getting Peach trees with sufficient roots system to start with. This is one of the most imporant points to be considered in planting a Peach Orchard. We do not recommend the planting of large Peach trees. Greater success has been attained by the fruit grower in planting medium or small sized trees.

Stonybrook, Mass., May 12

Kelly Brothers, Dansville, N. Y.

Dear Sirs: The trees arrived today all in fine shape. The chips were still wet and I was more than pleased with the size and condition both of tops and roots. I have bought trees from all the nurseries and I will say they are the best I have ever had sent me. When we want more trees will send the order to you.

George Hobbs.





Plums

No other fruit tree, unless it is the cherry, will produce more abundantly than a plum tree. Although they will yield crop after crop despite neglect, plum trees will readily show the result of care and modern methods of fruit growing. The commercial side of plum production has received much attention in late years but the supply still falls far short of the demand. In general, plum trees thrive best in a sandy or clayey soil. A distance of 12 to 15 feet apart is considered the best for plum trees with the distance increased to 20 feet where a wagon spraying outfit is used. Many varieties of plums produce so abundantly that the best results will be obtainable only by careful thinning. If allowed to grow naturally the trees will be weakened and the quality of the fruit will be inferior. We can recommend to the planter the following varieties.

Prices for all Varieties of Plum Trees, 2 Year

		EAUTI	IEN	HUNDRED
Largest size	6 to 7 feet	20c	\$1.90	\$17.00
Medium size	5 to 6 feet	18c	1.50	12.00
Smaller size	4 to 5 feet	12c	1.00	8.50

European Plums

Bradshaw. A very large and fine early plum, dark violet red, juicy and good. Trees erect and vigorous; very productive; valuable for market. The quality is excellent, and it is destined to become one of the most popular of all plums for canning, while its attractive solor good quality.

market. The quality is excellent, and it is destined to become one of the most popular of all plums for canning, while its attractive color, good quality and shipping properties will cause it to be sought for as a market variety. It ripens ten days to two weeks later than Abundance. This plum resembles Niagara in size, color and general good qualities.

Fellemburg Prune. Dark purple with a dark blue bloom; size medium; oval, pointed and tapering. Flesh juicy and delicious; fine for drying. In the West it is grown by the thousands of acres and shipped by the trainload to all markets of the world.

Geuii. Very large, bluish purple; flesh yellowish green, sweet. Tree hardy and rapid grower.

German Prune. A valuable Plum for dessert, but most esteemed for market and drying or preserving. Fruit long, oval, purple with a thick bloom; flesh firm, sweet and pleasant, separating freely from the stone; moderate growth. A great favorite. A sure market for all you have to sell at very profitable prices.

Lombard. Medium to large roundish, oval, dark red, flesh yellow, juicy and pleasant flavor; hardy popular, nearly always producing a crop, a valuable commercial sort. August.

Monarch. Very large, brilliant; blush purple; flesh, pale golden green; juicy, abundant bearer and begins fruiting young. Free from rot; excellent for market. September.

Reine Claude. Large pale yellow, marked with red, excellent and of fine quality; good bearer; valuable for commercial purposes. Middle of September.

Shippers Pride. Large and handsome, dark purple quality; fine, juicy and

sweet; excellent for canning. September.

Shropshire Damson. Large amber color, juicy and sprightly; most desirable of the Damson class; productive and not liable to rct; good commercial sort. September.



Shropshire Damson

Japanese Plums

We have the following list of Japanese plums to offer and we would especially recommend that these be planted at one year, as this reduces considerably the loss from transplanting. The roots of plum trees are very tender and are easily injured from exposure to the wind or sun. We also have one year German Prune and Shropshire Damson. Some planters prefer to plant these to two year trees. Price for 1 year trees is as follows:

Largest size, 4 to 6 feet, 20 cents each, 10 for \$1.80, 100 for \$15.00.
3 to 4 feet, 16 cents each, 10 for \$1.40, 100 for \$12.00.
2 to 3 feet, 10 cents each, 10 for .90, 100 for \$ 7.00.

Abundance. Fruit large, showy, beautiful. Amber, turning to a rich, bright cherry color, with a decided white bloom, and highly perfumed. Flesh light yellow, exceedingly juicy and tender, of a delicious sweetness impossible to describe. Stone small and parts readily from flesh. For canning it is of greatest excellence. Its season is very early, ripening in advance of other plums, thus adding to its special value.

Burbank. When properly thinned, the fruit is very large, nearly round and bright, deep red; flesh a deep yellow, very sweet, meaty and quite firm, keeping and shipping finely. Tree hardy and vigorous, but sprawling in growth; needs close pruning; enormously productive. Burbank orchards have been very profitable up to date.

Climax. Very large; deep, rich red; fine flavor; one of the earliest to ripen. Mr. Burbank regards this as one of his most valuable productions.

Red June. The best Japan plum, ripening before Abundance. Medium to large; deep vermilion-red, with handsome bloom; flesh

light lemon-yellow, firm; moderately juicy; fine quality. Tree upright, spreading, vigorous and hardy; productive.

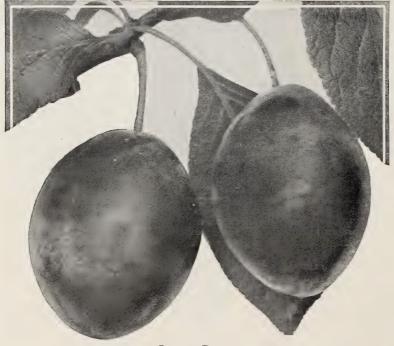
Satsuma. Large, globular, with sharp point. Color purple and red with bloom; flesh firm, juicy, dark red or blood color, fine quality; pit very small.

Wickson. A sturdy, upright grower; fruit remarkably handsome, deep maroon-red, covered with white bloom; stone small; flesh fine texture, firm, sugary and delicious excellent keeper and shipper.

October Purple. Originated by Burbank, who regarded it as one of the best introduced. Fruits on the old wood and frequently measures seven inches in circumference. Tree a strong erect grower, forming a shapely head.

Shiro. Medium size, yellow, and very sweet. The best quality of any of the Japan Plums. We have fruited it in Nursery row and can recommend it highly for garden planting. Sept.

Sultan. A large handsome Plum of purplishcrimson color; excellent for cooking and preserving. Keeps long and ships well.



German Prune

Kelly Bros. Plum Trees both European and Japan are budded on Imported French Myrobolan Plum seedlings. This insures a strong healthy growth for the tree. with the plum root system it is much longer lived and less apt to be injured by the severe winter. You cannot compare these trees with Plums offered that are budded on Peach roots. These do not make as healthy a growth and the root system is not hardy enough to withstand the winter weather. Our trees are the very best that can be grown, and you make no mistake in planting Plum trees grown by us.







In these days of apparent specialized fruit growing cherries seem to have been neglected. Yet it is safe to say that no fruit will find a more ready market or bring in a larger return on the money invested. The fact that cherry trees can be used for ornamental as well as productive purposes greatly increases their possibilities on the market. Any well-drained soil will be found to be adapted to the sturdy growth of cherry trees. Our cherries are all budded on imported French stocks and these form a fibrous root which reduces considerably the loss in planting. We believe that no fruit will bring greater profits, as the cherry will bear a fair crop two years after planting and requires very little care and attention. We have a good assortment of varieties but would especially recommend Early Richmond and Montmorency for commercial planting.

Prices for all Varieties of Sweet Cherry, Two Year

			EACH	TEN	HUNDRED
Largest size	6 to 7 feet	XXX	20c	\$1.80	\$16.00
Medium size	5 to 6 feet	XX	16c	1.40	12.00
Smaller size	4 to 5 feet	X	10c	.90	8.00
Sweet Cherry	1 year	4 to 6 feet	18c	\$1.60	\$15.00
•	•	3 to 4 feet	. 15c	1.30	12.00

Prices for all Varieties of Sour Cherry Trees

			EACH	TEN	HUNDRED
Largest size	5 to 7 feet	2 year	18c	\$1.60	\$14.00
Medium size	4½ to 5½ feet	2 year	15c	1.40	10.00
Smaller size	3½ to 4½ feet	2 year	08c	.70	6.00
Largest size		1 year	16c	1.50	12.00

Sweet Cherries

Bing. This new and superior sweet cherry originated near Portland, Ore., and is one of very large size, almost black in color when ripe, of fine quality, very productive, and a good shipper.

Black Tartarian. Very large; bright purplish black; half-tender, juicy, very rich, excellent flavor. Tree a vigorous grower and very productive.

Governor Wood. Large, heart-shaped; light yellow, marbled light red, juicy, sweet and rich. Tree vigorous, productive; forms a round head. An old variety that is still a favorite in many regions.

Lambert. One of the largest of all Cherries.

It is purple-red; firm and rich. Every year sees an enormous crop, and the tree not only grows well, but is proof against insect and fungous attacks. The finest of shippers.

Napoleon or Royal Ann. A beautiful cherry of large size; pale yellow with bright red cheek; flesh firm, juicy and sweet; one of the best for market and canning.

Windsor. Tree upright, vigorous and a rapid grower fruit large, roundish, oblong; very firm and juicy; flesh pinkish and sometimes streaked; quality very good; a productive bearer; has attracted attention owing to its large size and dark color; almost black. Fruit ripens in July.

Schmidt's Bigarreau. Fruit large, of mahogany color, flesh dark, tender and very juicy, with

a fine flavor; an excellent shipper and brings good prices on the market. $\,$

Yellow Spanish. A pale yellow cherry with bright red cheek in the sun. It is one of the best, most beautiful and popular of all of the light colored cherries; vigorous and productive.

Sour Cherries

Dyehouse. One of the very best of its season for market or home use. Compared with Early Richmond, it is larger, finer, of better quality, has a smaller pit, and is a full week earlier. Quality is good. Tree hardy, an upright grower and always productive. June.

Early Richmond. Medium size; dark red, melting, juicy, sprightly, acid. A hardy cherry, fruiting on young trees soon after planting. The fruit does not rot upon the trees and can be left without picking longer than most varieties. The trees bear fruit regularly each year. Early Richmond is a great favorite throughout the

West and Northwest, where only hardy varieties succeed. The tree is a free grower; hardy, healthy and very productive. One of the best.

English Morello. Fruit large elongated; almost blackish red when fully ripe; very rich, acid; juicy and good. A splendid pie cherry. Tree very hardy, somewhat smaller than other sorts but exceedingly productive. This fruit is in great demand by the fruit-juice manufacturers. July.

Large Montmorency. Large, bright red. The finest acid cherry; the tree a hardy strong grower, bears enormous crops. The greatest commercial variety; the canning factories pay more for it than any other sour variety; last of June.

May Duke. Large, red; juicy and rich; an old excellent variety; vigorous, productive.

Ostheime. Large; skin red, dark at maturity; flesh liver-colored; tender, juicy, almost sweet; very good; hardy.

Wragg. Large, roundish, heart-shaped; dark crimson and when fully ripe, black or nearly so; flesh and juice light crimson, firm and good, very productive; one of the hardiest and is usually a sure cropper.

Olivet. A tree of this variety should be in every garden. The fruit is very large, has a shining deep red color; tender. mild sub-acid flavor. Ripens in June.

Kelly Brothers Cherry Trees Always Bear Good Fruit.

Give your cherry trees the right kind of attention so they will produce flawless fruit, then pick and pack this fruit right and ship it to the big markets. You can market cherries by the car load better than in less quantity. From 30 to 50 trees will produce a car load of fruit. Do not hesitate to plant the trees because you fear there will be no market for them; the market is waiting and will be very willing as soon as you have the cherries. The people who are used to the little inferior fruit never stop looking when they see cherries of improved varieties. Proper cultivation has a good deal to do with making the trees produce the finest fruit.



Large Montmorency





Quinces

Its preeminence as a fruit for jellies and preserves makes the quince a profitable tree for the fruit grower as markets in most localities are undersupplied. Like cherry trees, quince trees will not thrive in wet land. A rich, moist but well-drained soil has been found to give the best results. Quince trees may be planted as closely as 8 to 10 feet apart because of their dwarfish characteristics. It must be controlled, however, or it will develop into a bush. All suckers and water spouts should be pinched off and the tops of the trees kept open to admit air and sunshine. We have the following varieties:

Prices of Ouince Trees

		EACH	TEN	HUNDRED
Large size	4 to 6 feet	20c	\$1.80	\$16.00
Medium size	3 to 4 feet	16c	1.40	13.00
Smaller size	2 to 3 feet	12c	1.10	7.00

Champion. Fruit very large, fair and hand-Tree very handsome, surpassing other varieties in this respect, bears abundantly while young; flesh cooks as tender as an apple and without hard spots and cores; flavor delicate, imparting an exquisite quince taste and odor to any fruit with which it is cooked. One of the most valuable.

Orange. Popular, extensively cultivated, reliable and satisfactory. The name was given in an attempt to do justice to its most delicious

flavor. Roundish, bright golden yellow, very large, fine grained, fine quality. Best for cooking. Firm, will stand handling and shipping.

Rea's Mammoth. Large, rich golden yellow; flesh cooks as tender as the apple and without hard spots or cores, flavor delicate, imparting an exquisite quince taste and odor to any fruit with which it is cooked; sure to ripen even in northern latitudes; very hardy and productive. We regard it the best of all quinces. October.

Apricots

Much like the peach in flavor, the apricot finds a ready and profitable market as it ripens a month_earlier than that fruit. It is as hardy as the peach and will thrive in the same kind of soil. For canning and drying purposes the apricot is used extensively and in fact, has no superior for the latter purpose. We grow the following stock varieties which we can furnish in one year old.

Prices of Apricot Trees

		EACH	IEN	HUNDRED
1 year	3 to 4 feet	20c	\$1.80	\$15.00
1 year	2 to 3 feet	16c	1.50	12.00

Alexis. Very hardy; an abundant bearer; yellow, with red cheek; large; slightly acid, rich and luscious.

Budd. Medium to large; light orange with blush on sunny side; flesh sweet, juicy with flavor of the peach; hardy and productive.

Harris. A hardy English sort. Medium size: oblong orange; good quality; very early. best variety for Eastern culture.

Alexander. Fruit yellow, flecked with red, very beautiful and delicious. July.

Moorpark. One of the largest, orange with red cheek; firm, juicy, with a rich flavor; very productive. August.

Gibb. Tree hardy, grows symmetrical, productive. Fruit medium yellowish, sub-acid, juicy and rich. The best early variety ripening soon after strawberries.

Nut Trees

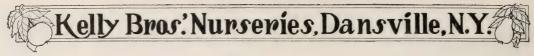
The necessity for the importation of large quantities of nuts each year has awakened American agriculturists to the possibilities in producing nuts. Oftentimes the trees will thrive on soil not adapted to profitable fruit growing.

American Sweet Chestnut. This is the well-known native variety with which nearly everyone is familiar. It is a stately tree, attaining great height when mature. It is beautifully great height when mature. It is beautifully symmetrical and when in blossom is as handsome as a tree can be. It bears a nut of good quality and seldom fails to produce a good crop. Aside from their crop value, all the Chestnuts are specially desirable for shade purposes and for ornamental planting. Trees 4 to 5 ft. in height, 50c each; \$5.00 per dozen.

Black Walnut. This species is a common and

stately forest tree in the middle and western states; grows from forty to sixty feet high; has an open, spreading head and is rapid in growth; produces large crops of nuts with rough hard shell containing rich, oily kernels of fine flavor. Trees 5 to 6 ft., 50c each, 4 to 5 ft., 35c

English Walnut. A fine, lofty-growing tree, with handsome, spreading head; produces large crops of thin-shelled, delicious nuts which are always in demand at good prices. Trees 3 to 4 ft., 75c each, 10 for \$6.50.



Grapes

Because of their adaptability to any place where there is a bit of soil, grapes are often a source of considerable profit. In fact, some fruit growers say that if you can plant only one fruit, let that be grapes. They require little care and as a rule will produce most abundantly. Rocky hillsides on which no other fruit would thrive, will produce wonderful crops of grapes and show profits that will overshadow any other part of the farm. Good grapes command high prices and will find a ready market in any locality. We have the following varieties in our stock:

Prices of Grape Vines

EACH TEN HUNDRED THOUSAND
All Varieties 2 year 10c 90c \$5.00. \$40.00

Brighton. A large, delicious, sweet red Grape; vine thrifty and a strong grower; flesh sweet, tender and very juicy. Best of all large red Grapes.

Campbell's Early. Black, with purple bloom; bunch and berries large. Juicy, with rich, sweet flavor; almost seedless. Hardy and of vigorous growth. Fruit hangs on vines sound and perfect for ten weeks or more after ripening.

Concord. The well-known black grape. Can always be depended on to fruit heavily. Succeeds over a large extent of country. Popular for market.

Delaware. One of the finest Grapes. Bunches small, compact, shouldered; berries rather small, round; skin thin, light red; flesh juicy, with an exceedingly sweet and delicious flavor.

Niagara White Grape. Popular everywhere. Bunch very large and handsome, often shouldered, compact; berries large, round; skin thin, tough, does not crack and carries well; has not much pulp when fully ripe, melting, sweet, with a flavor and aroma peculiarly its own, and agreeable to most tastes; ripens with

tastes; ripens with Concord, sometimes a little earlier. Vine very vigorous and productive, succeeding well in all sections. Is largely planted by vineyardists.

Moore's Early. Bunch and berry large, with a blue bloom; quality better than Concord. Its size and earliness render it desirable.

Pocklington. Berries large, golden yellow; sweet and tender with little pulp. Thoroughly hardy and healthy. Ripens after Concord.

Worden. Possesses most of the good qualities of Concord and lacks some of the bad ones. Differs chiefly in having larger berries and bunches. Better in quality and five to ten days earlier.

Equally hardy, healthy, vigorous and productive. It is more desirable for the garden and nearby markets, because it is of a richer, glossier black and is hardier than Concord, and, under favorable conditions, a better commercial variety.

Agawan. Good red variety; flesh tender and juicy, good bearer. Ripens with Concord.



Niagara



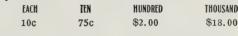


Blackberries

Fruit growers as a rule regard the blackberry as the most profitable of the several varieties of berries. Blackberries thrive best on fertile loam, although clay and sandy soils also produce good results. The rows should be about six feet apart with each plant approximately 2 feet apart in the row. We have selected the following varieties as the best:

Prices of Blackberry Bushes

Strong Plants





Blower. An upright, mammoth grower; very hardy and enormously productive; large, glossy, firm and luscious berry, extra good everywhere. Fruit may be picked continuously from July to October, ripening in great quantities in August and in abundance in September. Berries very large and of good quality.

Rathbun. A strong, erect grower with strong stem, branching freely; will root from tip of branches like a raspberry. Hardy, having endured 20 degrees below zero and produced a good crop. Forms a neat, compact bush, 4 to 5 feet high, producing its immense fruit abundantly. Fruit is sweet and luscious without hard core, of extra high flavor, jet black, small seeds, firm enough to ship and handle well. Very large size.

Wilson's Early. Very large size, oblong oval, black, quite firm, rich, sweet and good; ripens early and matures its fruit rapidly; retains its color well after picking.

Erie. Fruit very large, excellent quality. There is no other berry that rivals it in combining hardiness, large size, earliness and productiveness.

Eldorado. The hardiest and sweetest blackberry. Very vigorous and hardy. Berries are very large, jet black, borne in large clusters and ripen well together; are very sweet, melting, pleasing to the taste, have no hard core, and keep eight to ten days.

Lawton. The well-known market variety. Large, oval, black, juicy, sweet.

Raspberries

A ready market can always be found for raspberries. When well cared for they are sure to return a good profit. A patch of raspberries should be renewed about once in five years, as by that time the quality of the berries deteriorates and the fruit becomes small. The plants should be well manured and cultivated at frequent intervals.

We offer the following varieties:

Cuthbert (Red). Medium to large; crimson; hardy and prolific. The most reliable sort. Fine for market or garden. Succeeds well over a large range of territory both north and south. Sufficiently firm so that the fruit ships well and of such good quality as to make it one of the best for home use. Per 10, 35c; per 100, \$1.25; per 1000, \$9.00.

Loudon (Red). The Loudon New Red Raspberry ripens with the earliest and hangs late. It is as hardy as the Turner, and is of superior quality. Very productive and a good shipper. Per 10, 50c; per 100, \$1.50; per 1000, \$12.00.

Marlboro (Red). A very profitable, early market variety with large, light crimson fruits



of good size and flavor. The crop covers a period of four or five weeks in ripening. Per 10, 35c; per 100, \$1.00; per 1,000, \$9.00.

Diamond (Black). Has shown itself to be one of the most popular black Raspberries. It is sweeter than most varieties, more pulpy, and contains fewer seeds; at the same time it is firm and an A No. 1 shipper. It is a grand berry for drying, the dried berries being a jet black and containing all the richness, fine flavor and sweetness of the fresh fruit. The berries are large and the quality is good. Per 10, 40c; per 100, \$1.50; per 1,000, \$14.00.

10, 40c; per 100, \$1.50; per 1,000, \$14.00.

Cumberland (Black). The largest of all Blackcaps. A healthy, vigorous grower, throwing up stout, stocky well branched canes that produce immense crops of magnificent berries. Fruit very large, firm, quality good; keeps and ships as well as any of the blacks. It is a profitable market variety. Per 10, 35c; per 100, \$1.50; per 1,000, \$12.00.

Gregg (Black). Of great size, of fine quality; a very productive and hardy. It takes the same position among blackcaps as Cuthbert among the red sorts. No one can afford to be without it. Per 10, 35c; per 100, \$1.50; per 1,000, \$12.00.

Ohio (Black.) A standard early berry. Very productive. Fills up quarts very fast, and is easy to pick. Fine quality; very hardy.

Columbian Purple. A strong grower, unexcelled for productiveness and desirable for canning. Fruit very large, purplish color, rather soft; rich, sprightly flavor.

Conrath, Early Black. In Conrath we have united vigor, hardiness, large size and productiveness; qualities that will give it a foremost rank

Golden Queen, Yellow. Very large, hardy, vigorous, and productive, No gardens should be without it.



"You'll Never Regret Planting Kelly Trees"





Currants

No other bush fruit ripens as early as the currant. It is hardy and will produce heavily. Careful cultivation will practically double production. It is best to plant the bushes in rows about 4 feet apart. The ground should be kept free of weeds and the bushes carefully pruned each Spring. The following varieties have been found to be the best for commercial purposes:

Prices of Currant Bushes

	EACH	TEN	HUNDRED	THOUSAND
2 Year	10c	75c	\$4.50	\$40.00



Fay's Prolific

Fay's Prolific (Red). A cross between Cherry and Victoria. Of large size, fine flavor, and claimed to be twice as prolific as the Cherry. Highly commended by those who have seen or had experience with it.

Cherry (Red). Fruit of very large size and very tart; plant vigorous, but not as productive as some of the other varieties.

Perfection. Large; red; fine. It is one of the most productive currants known, and quality superior to anything on the market. The flavor is rich, mild, sub-acid, with plenty of pulp and few seeds. 2 yr., 15c each, \$1.25 per 10, \$10.00 per 100.

White Grape. Very large; yellowish white, sweet or very mild acid; excellent quality and valuable for the table. The finest of the white sorts. Very distinct from White Dutch, having a low spreading habit and dark green foliage. Very productive.

Wilder. A remarkable new variety both for table and market; strong grower, enormously productive; bunch and berry very large; bright red and of highest sub-acid quality, making it unequalled for the table, cooking or market.

Red Cross. A strong growing variety. Cluster long; berry medium to large, bright red; quality good to best. It is exceedingly productive, and the currants are of large size. Further than this, the fruit is far sweeter than ordinary currants.

Garden Roots

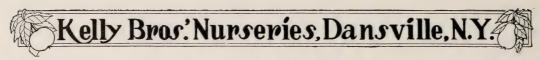
Asparagus

Conover's Colossal. Very large size and of excellent quality; has superseded the old varieties. Palmetto. Extensively grown for market on account of earliness, large size and fine appearance. Price 20c per 10; \$1.00 per 100; \$5.50 per 1,000.

Rhubarb (Pie Plant)

Rhubarb is the earliest available material in the Spring for fresh pies and sauce. Every family should have a few Phubarb roots for there is nothing in the fruit or vegetable line that is so beneficial to the human system in the Spring months. Set plants 12 to 18 inches apart in rows.

Linnaeus. Large, early, tender and fine. The very best of all. Price, strong 2 year plants; 10c each; 60c per 10; \$4.00 per 100.



Gooseberries

The gooseberry is gaining in popularity every year. It has been found to be very profitable in the home market and grows readily in any good soil. The plants bear abundantly and require little care.

Price, all varieties

EACH 15c TEN \$1.25 HUNDRED \$10.00

We have the following standard varieties:

Chautauqua. Very large, one of the best. Superior quality and very productive. 2 yr. bushes 20c each; \$1.80 per 10; \$15.00 per 100.

Downing. Whitish green; vigorous and prolific. A fine reliable berry for general culture. 2 yr. bushes 15c each; \$1.20 per 10; \$10.00 per 100.

Houghton. A medium-sized American variety, which bears abundant and regular crops, and never mildews; fruit smooth, red, tender

and very good; valuable. 2 vr. bushes 12c each; \$1.00 per 10; \$10.00 per 100.

Industry. An English variety, producing exceedingly large fruit of dark red color and delicious quality. Highly recommended both in this country and in Europe. 2 yr. bushes 20c each; \$1.70 per 10; \$15.00 per 100.

Red Jacket. An American Seedling of large size; smooth, prolific and hardy, of best quality. A wonderful cropper. 2 yr. bushes 15c each; \$1.50 per 10; \$12.00 per 100.

Strawberries

Being practically the first fruit of its kind on the market, strawberries are ready sellers and can be grown at a good profit. They will thrive in any good garden soil. Plants should be set one foot apart in the row, with the rows two feet apart. Beds should be renewed every third year, as it has been found that more than two crops to a planting are not profitable.

By express

HUNDRED 60c THOUSAND \$5.00

Note—Strawberry plants are always shipped separate from balance of order. About May 1st. We consider the following standard varieties to be the best.

Brandywine. A good market berry; medium to large; dark scarlet, firm and somewhat acid; a good bearer and does well in clay soil.

Corsican. It is a great strawberry; it is the biggest berry; it is the brighest and best in color; it is a great yielder and

color; it is a great yielder and producer; and the foliage is exceedingly vigorous and leathery resisting fungus, drought, weed and even neglect of cultivation.

Jessie. Especially valuable for garden. Large, firm and solid; excellent quality; productive.

Marshall. Very large, dark crimson; firm and of excellent quality; plant vigorous and productive; one of the best varieties for home use or market.

McKinley. Very large, conical, sometimes flattened; color crimson. On account of its vigor and great productiveness it is recommended for home use or market.

Senator Dunlap. A sturdy plant and heavy cropper of best quality berries, with clean, healthy foliage which has no tendency to rust. The berries are very large, roundish conical regular with slight neck. In color, they are glossy crimson, with the meat firm and solid, deep crimson throughout and good in quality.

Wilson. The best berry for canning. This is an old well thought of variety that has always given satisfaction. One of the very best berries for flavor and quality. We recommend this variety to you.







Ornamental Department

Well-kept grounds, which necessarily include fine shade trees and ornamental and flowering shrubs, are naturally a source of great pleasure to a property owner. They also greatly enhance the value of property. A relatively small amount invested in ornamentals will bring a big return should you wish to dispose of your property. Nor does it require a big outlay of money to make your property beautiful by such ornamentation. The trees and shrubs of course should not be planted haphazardly. If you do not know just how to go about the matter you can easily obtain competent advice. We take the same care with our ornamental stock that we do with our fruit stock. That means that it is the best.

Evergreens

American Vitae. Much used for hedges, screens, singly on lawns, and in tubs for porches, etc. It is a handsome little tree, and if allowed to grow naturally will be quite tall and pyramid-shaped. Can be trimmed and kept in any form and height. In the summer the foliage is bright green above, yellowish beneath, and when winter comes this changes to the richest tones of brown and bronze. 25c each.

Boxwood. This old fashioned variety is a native of England where it has been grown for centuries. Its neat, dense, waxy foliage has secured many admirers in the country. They are well adapted to small places and can be used with splendid effect as shrubs for the lawn. For decorative purposes, both summer and winter. \$2.00 each.

Colorado Blue Spruce. Foliage blue and sage—that distinctive color which is so rare in the East. Tree usually has a symmetrically shaped

narrow-pointed or rounding top; is hardy and quick growing. \$2.00 each.

Norway Spruce. During the past twenty-five years the most widely planted Spruce. It is fast growing, tall, graceful and handsome, at home in any place you put it, and is suitable for both windbreaks and ornaments. 35c each.

Irish Juniper. Junipers are handsome evergreens; are always neat and clean. This variety grows exceptionally slim and column-like. The branches grow almost straight up, and a 7 or 8 foot tree will not be more than a foot and a half thick, 50c each.

Balsam Fir. (American Silver) A very regular symmetrical tree, assuming the conical form even when young; leaves dark green above, silvery beneath. 25c each.

Nordmans Fir. A symmetrical and imposing tree; the warm green of the young shoots contrasts finely with the rich, deep color of the old foliage; the best of the Silver Firs. 60c each.



1. White Spruce

2. Norway Spruce 5. White Fir

3. Nordmans Fir 6. Balsam Fir

4. Japanese Cypress

Shade Trees



American Elm

Poplar Carolina. A very rapid growing, soft-wooded tree, resembling the Cottonwood somewhat, but has a larger leaf and much thicker and more spreading top, denser and heavier foliage. It is being extensively planted in the cities and towns throughout the United States on account of its rapid growth, its symmetry and ability to endure gas and smoke. Perfectly hardy. It is free from cotton which is so disagreeable in the Cottonwood.

We have a good supply of these and can make a very low price on them.

Price, 10 to 12 feet, 20c each, \$1.50 per 10, \$12.00 per 100. 8 to 10 feet, 15c each, \$1.30 per 10, \$10.00 per 100.

6 to 8 feet, 10c each, 80c per 10, \$7.50 per 100.

American Elm. The most admired of all American trees. It is very attractive in any suitable location, is entirely hardy and easily transplanted. There are more Elm trees planted and allorg our streets then any other

one variety. This on account of its dense green foliage, which spreads out from overhead, covering a suitable space of ground in proportion to the size of the tree, which makes it the finest shade tree in the world. Price

8 to 10 feet, 50c each, 10 for \$4.50. Norway Maple. A large tree with a head unusually round and perfect in form, with deep green foliage. It is a vigorous grower and very desirable for street or lawn planting. It is free from disease and holds its foliage and color late in the fall. Price 8 to 10 feet, 50c each, 10 for \$4.50.

Purple-Leaved Beech. Beautiful purple leaved foliage tree. Deep purple in spring changing to crimson and again to dull green in fall. One of the most effective lawn trees we have. Price, 3 to 4 feet, 50c each, 10 for \$4.50.

American Chestnut.....50c Each American Linden

tern Catalpa)...........50c 'Cut-Leaf Weeping
Birch75c '

Catalpa Speciosa (West-



Norway Maple







Althea Hedge

Vines

Chinese Matrimony Vine. Vigorous and hardy climber, flowers bright purple, succeeded by scarlet berries nearly one inch long. Excellent for trellises. 35c each.

Ampelopsis Veitchii (Japan Ivy). For covering buildings of brick and stone; clings tightly to the smoothest surface. Bright green leaves, changing to brilliant colorings in fall. 35c each.

Clematis Henryii. Single; the finest white Clematis; very large, fine flowers; grows rapidly; blooms freely during summer and autumn. 35c each.

Clematis Jackmanni. Single. Very large; deep purple; forms a perfect mass of the richest bloom. 35c each.

Ivy (American or Virginia Creeper). 25c each.

Birthwort (Dutchman's Pipe)......35c ''
Honeysuckle (Hall's Japan).....25c ''

Hedge

California Privet. A vigor-ous-growing variety, of fine habit, thick, glossy, nearly evergreen leaves. Of all ornamental hedge-plants this is the most highly prized. If cut to the ground one or two years after planting, it makes a very thick hedge right from the bottom, sending up many strong shoots. The leaves are a rich green, and will remain on the plants up to Christmas, and if they are a little sheltered they will keep green almost all winter. This is especially the case if the hedge has attained some age and has frequently been trimmed. Though it is a very strong grower, it can be kept to a low size by frequent trimming. Where a close, compact hedge is desired we recommend California Privet. Should be planted about eight to ten inches apart to give best results.

Strong plants, well branched, 18 to 24 inches, 5c each, 45c per 10, \$3.00 per 100, \$25.00 per 1000.

Strong plants, well branched, 24 to 30 inches, 8c each, 65c per 10, \$4.00 per 100, \$35.00 per 1000.



California Privet Hedge

Flowering Shrubs



Lilac

Lilacs. These beautiful shrubs should be planted at every home. The most desirable varieties we give a description of below.

Common White. (Syringa Vulgaris Alba) Stocky strong grower and exceedingly hardy. The bloom is in large white clusters and very fragrant. Thrives well in all localities. 35c each.

Common Purple. (SyringaVulgaris.) Similar to white except that the twigs are a little more slender and the bloom is a pinkish purple color; a most profuse bloomer. 35c each.

Hydrangea Paniculata Grandiflora. A grand and showy shrub which gives a splendid effect in a border or bed, singly or massed. The colors of flowers change as the season advances in spring they are the pink and white of youth, while by the time autumn comes they have reached the bronze of old age. Flowers in large clusters. Commence to flower in July and remain until November. 25c each.

Blue Hydrangea (Japanese Hydrangea). As they grow around our front porch, they have very blue flowers. The foliage is intense shiny green, and the whole shrub is very showy. South, they stand the cold, but in the North require protection. 25c each.

Hydrangea P. G. Tree Form. Same as bush, but grown in tree form with single stem. Very desirable. 50c each.

Snowball. (Viburnum) A well known favorite shrub, with globular clusters of white flowers, blooming the latter part of May. This good old early and sure-flowering shrub is planted perhaps more extensively than any other. It is found in every collection in the gardens of the rich as well as the poor. We have a fine lot of strong plants. 25c each.

White Fringe. A popular and much admired shrub of moderate growth and rounded form with large dark green, glossy leaves, and drooping panicles of beautiful white fringe-like flowers. 35c each.

Rose of Sharon (Althea). Best shrub for flowering in late summer. Blossoms in great profusion and in striking colors, from white to dark marcon. Grows tall large hell-

ors, from white to dark maroon. Grows tall; large bellshaped flowers; Aug. and Sept. when most other shrubs are out of bloom. Planted more compactly and occasionally pruned they are both serviceable and showy as hedges. 25c each.

Althea Variegated. Leaves bright green, broadly margined with light yellow. 35c each.



Hydrangea







Spiraea

Spiraea Van Houttei. Finest of the Spiraeas, giving a complete mass of drooping white blossoms, the foliage hardly showing. It is a beautiful ornament for the lawn at any season. The accompanying cut is a fair one and shows it in blossom. 25c each.

Spiraea Callosa Rosea. Has large panicles of deep rosy blossoms; grows freely; blooms nearly all summer. 25c each.

Spiraea Prunifolia. A very beautiful variety; flowers white and double. A very profuse bloomer in May. Foliage turns a very beautiful brown color in Autumn. Hardy and desirable. 30c each.

Sarbifolia. (Ash Leaved Spiraea) A vigorous growing bush with large handsome foliage resembling that of the mountain ash. Long spikes of white flowers in July. 30c each.

Deutzia. Fine companion shrubs for the Spiraea. Good in every way; a delight to all. Hardy, easy to cultivate and sure bloomers.

Deutzia. (Pride of Rochester.) Blooms in May. Double, white, tinted with rose on the edge. It excels in size of flower, profuse bloom and vigorous growth. 25c each.

Deutzia Gracilis. (Slender Branched Deutzia) A dwarf variety well adapted to planting in cemetery lots and small lawns. It blossoms in June and the flowers are white. It flowers often in winter when the temperature is low. First to flower. 35c each. Weigelas. Beautiful shrubs that bloom in May, June and July. The flowers are produced in so great profusion as almost entirely to hide the foliage. They are very desirable for the border or for grouping, and as specimen plants for the lawn.

Golden Glow. This beautiful

Golden Glow. This beautiful yellow blooming perennial plant was unknown to most people until a recent date. In order to be popular, a plant must be able to thrive in all localities without nursing and this is just what Golden Glow does. Like Phlox it stands out doors all winter. The blossoms appear in large numbers, hundreds of them on a single plant, and they succeed one another and remain long in bloom, giving the place an animated and brilliant appearance. Don't fail to plant Golden Glow Price of strong plants 10c each. Philadelphia. (Syringa or Mock Orange.) Ohe of the best reshrubs. They are usually tall,

Mock Orange.) One of the best and most popular shrubs. They are usually tall, vigorous growers, with large foliage and flowers, and so are valuable for backgrounds, screens, grouping and specimens. Their flowers are very sweet-scented, milk-white in most cases, and beautiful for cutting. 30c each.

Coronarius. (Garland Syringa.) A fine old form, 8 to 10 feet tall, that blooms among the earliest of the family, in very graceful sprays. Its large white flowers are delightfully scented. May. 25c each.

Aureus. A striking shrub of medium size, with golden yellow leaves that remain bright through the season. Valuable for contrastive grouping. 25c each.

Gordonianus. Strong growing, large flowered white; blooms late in season. July. 25c each.



Deutzia

Roses

Its wonderful beauty and fragrance makes the rose the most popular of flowers. Many persons think that it is difficult to grow roses. Such is not the case. Good soil and a little care will insure fine hardy plants and beautiful blossoms. Care should be taken to see that your stock is good. The best costs only a few cents more than the inferior kind. You will be well repaid for the extra investment.

Price, all varieties

The following are the varieties we offer:

Alfred Colomb. Brilliant crimson; large, full and of fine globular form; extremely fragrant; foliage large and handsome. A good rose for general cultivation.

American Beauty. Flowers very large, of beautiful form and very double,; color a deep rich rose. Fragrance delightful, resembling La Crimson Baby Rambler. Imagine a rose like the Crimson Rambler would be if only 20 inches high. Blooming every day in the year under the right conditions, with immense clusters of clear, brilliant, ruby-red flowers, even more striking than Azalea. Superb for single specimens, dwarf hedges and for bedding.

20c

\$1.80

\$16,00

Dorothy Perkins. A splendid sort with beautiful shell-pink flowers, full, large and double. The trusses often contain 30 to 40 individual flowers. Bright foliage that keeps fresh better than most kinds do.

Frau Karl Druschki. Pure paper-white, large-sized and free flowering. It is a remarkably handsome plant with bright heavy foliage and strong upright growth. The bloom is perfect in form, on fine long stems, and of the purest possible white. There is nothing in the line of perfectly hardy Roses that can compare with this one in form, color and general finish.

Magna Charta. Pink, suffused with carmine; full, globular. Fragrant and excellent. In every way a fine rose.

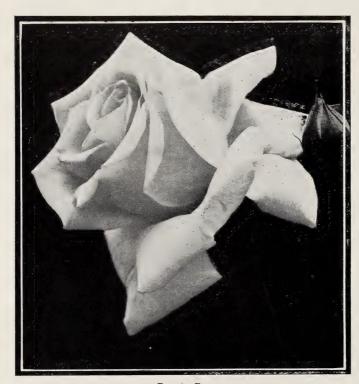
Margaret Dickson. A magnificent rose, white, with pale flesh; extra large flower, of splendid form and substance, with waxy shell-like petals fragrant and pleasing. A vigorous and free-flowering variety, with handsome, large, dark green foliage.

Mrs. John Laing. A splendid free-flowering sweetly fragrant rose of beautiful

form. Color, clear, bright, shining, silvery pink, exquisitely shaded. Immense flowers, full and double, borne in great profusion on long, stiff canes. Undoubtedly one of the best bedding varieties yet introduced.

Marshall P. Wilder. Cherry-carmine color; has a fine form. The bush is very vigorous. This is undoubtedly the finest of its color.

Bessie Brown. (New) Very large, shell-shaped petals of creamy white, faintly flushed with pink, make up into flowers of rare beauty.



Bessie Brown

France or the old-fashioned Damask Rose; each shoot produces a bud.

Baron de Bonstetten. Rich, velvety maroon, large and full; a splendid sort.

Clio. One of the best; large, fine, globular form, flesh color, shading to rose in center; very vigorous.

Coquette des Alps. White, slightly shaded with carmine; strong grower and a great favorite. This variety is very valuable; it continues to give a profusion of blossoms for weeks after general varieties have finished.





Crimson Rambler. This remarkable rose was originally received from Japan. The plant is of very vigorous growth, making shoots of from 8 to 10 feet high in a season, and therefore a most desirable climbing variety. The flowers hold their beautiful crimson color a long time without fading, and give a most magnificent effect in contrast to the bright glossy foliage. It is entirely hardy and the greatest acquisition among roses for the past ten years.

General Jacqueminot. The leading rose. Deep, brilliant shaded crimson, with large petals, globular with high center. A well-known favorite; one of the best and planted by all who plant roses.

pointed, the petals very large and of great substance.

Ulrich Brunner. Cherry red, fine form. Plant vigorous, hardy and free from mildew.

Persian Yellow. Bright yellow, nearly full. Hardy and vigorous.

Moss Roses

The Moss Rose is as hardy as any of the June Roses and admired on account of their bright, healthy foliage and mossy-like covering of the buds; good bloomers and large.

Prince Camile de Rohan. Very dark velvety crimson, changing to intense maroon.



Coquette Des Blanches. Pure white, of fine form. Free bloomer and a fine rose for late blossoms.

Earl of Dufferin. One of the finest Roses of recent years. Rich, brilliant, velvety crimson, shaded with dark maroon; large, full, finely formed; delightful fragrance. A vigorous grower. One of the finest dark roses; should be in every collection.

La France. Hybrid Tea Rose. Delicate silvery rose color, changing to silvery pink; very large and full, globular form. Sweetest Rose and most constant bloomer. One of the most useful of all Roses.

Paul Neyron, This is regarded as the largest rose in cultivation; is a free bloomer; hardy and very desirable in every way; color deep clear rose.

Killarney. Probably no rose has ever taken such a prominent place so quickly as Killarney. It is already one of the most popular of our garden roses, and also one of the leading varieties for winter cut flowers. It is perfectly hardy in this latitude; in growth it is strong and robust, and as free flowering as any rose we know. In color it is a sparkling, brilliant, imperial pink; the blooms are large, the buds long and

Moss Rose, Perpetual Pink. A mossed rose of a delicate shell pink color. A long bloomer. Leaves clear green, very handsome. We also have Perpetual White.

Mad. Plantier. (Hybrid China) One of the most satisfactory roses for cemetery or yard planting. Blooms in the middle of June, when its large clusters of purest white flowers form a perfect mound of white.

Prairie Queen. Bright, rosy red. Very large and fine.

Anne De Diesbach. Carmine, a beautiful shade; very large. A superior garden sort; fragrant; one of the hardiest.

Baltimore Belle. White with blush center, very full and double; one of the finest climbing roses; a rapid grower, with hardy and luxuriant foliage and immense clusters of flowers. 20c each.

Hugh Dickson. Intense crimson, shaded scarlet; very large, full and magnificent form, with high pointed center; growth upright and vigorous, free and continous blooming; the finest of all autumn roses, highly perfumed.

Madam Gabriel Luizet. Pink, very large, somewhat fragrant, fine exhibition rose.



Kelly Bros. Special Collections for Home & Garden

Kelly's Collection for the Home No. 1

\$3.75 worth of trees, Special Collection Price \$2.50.

1 Red Astrachan Apple, 1 Yellow Transparent Apple, 1 Northern Spy Apple, 1 Baldwin Apple; 1 Ey. Richmond Cherry, 1 Napoleon Cherry, 1 Montmorency Cherry; 2 Elberta Peach, 1 Carman Peach, 1 Ey. Crawford Peach; 1 Burbank Plum, 1 Abundance Plum, 1 Lombard Plum.

Fourteen trees all the largest size, 5 to 7 feet XXX Grade.



Standard Pear Tree Collection No. 2

- 2 Kieffer, I Wilder Early, I Beurre'd Anjou, I Seckel
- I Bartlett, I Clapp's Fav.,
- I Duchess 'd Angouleme

Eight trees, 4 to 5 Feet, 70 Cents

Special Collection for the Garden No. 3

3 Elberta Peach, I Kalamazoo Peach, 2 Montmorency Cherry, I Early Richmond Cherry, I Lambert Cherry, 2 Kieffer Pear, I Bartlett Pear, I Seckel Pear, I German Prune, I Lombard Plum, I Bradshaw Plum.

15 Trees, Medium Size, 4 to 5 Feet. \$2.20 worth of Trees for \$1.50.

Plum Tree Collection No. 4.

- 1 German Prune
- 1 Blue Damson
- 2 Lombard
- T Abundance
- 1 Monarch
- 1 Bradshaw
- 7 Plum Trees, 4 to 5 Feet 65 Cents





Peach Tree Collection No. 5

- 3 Elberta
- 2 Greensboro
- 2 Late Crawford
- I Yellow St. John 2 Early Crawford

10 Peach Trees, 3 to 4 Feet, 85 Cents

Cherry Tree Collection No. 6



I May Duke, I Ostheime I Olivet, 2 Early Richmond, 2 Large Montmorency, I Schmidt's Biggareau, I Lambert.

9 Cherry Trees, 3½ to 4½ Feet only 65 Cents

Grape Collection No. 7

3 Concord, 2 Delaware, 2 Campbell's Early, 2 Moore's Early, 2 Niagara, 1 Pocklington.

12 Good Thrifty Vines, Special Price 80 Cents.

Apple Tree Collection No. 8



- I York Imperial
- I Bismarck
- I Winter Banana
- I Wealthy
- I Northern Spy
- I Maidens Blush
- I Wolfe River M. B. Twig
- I Pewaukee
- I Stark

10 Apple Trees 4 to 5 Feet, \$1.10

Special Price on Collection of Planters Size 33 to 43 Feet Cherry Trees No. 9 100 Trees \$5.50

10 May Duke, 10 Dyehouse, 25 Ey. Richmond, 25 L. Montmorency, 10 Lambert, 10 Napoleon, 10 Bing.

This is the greatest bargain we have ever offered in fruit trees. They are strong, healthy and well rooted.

Rose Collection No. 10.

1 Am. Beauty, 1 Crimson Rambler, 1 Karl Druschki, 1 Marshall P. Wilder, 1 Coquette des Alps, 1 Dorothy Perkins, 1 Margaret Dickson.

Seven 2 year strong bushes, special price \$1.00

ORDER BLANK

KELLY BROTHERS NURSERIES DANSVILLE, N. Y.

Please send	the following by(Freighter Express)			
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State	Total	Total		
Be sure to give na	me of Express Office or Freight Station if same is different from your Pos	t Office.		
Express Office	ress Office Freight Station			
Express Co.	Railroad			
Our Guarantee. While we exercise the greatest care to have our stock genuine and reliable, we agree to replace on proper proof, all that may prove untrue to name as labelled, and it is hereby mutually agreed that our replacing it or offering to replace it shall operate as a liquidation of all damages. NO CHARGE FOR BOXING AT CATALOGUE PRICES Remittance. Send Bank Draft, Express or Post Office Money Order, or Cash in Registered Letter.				
Quantity	Names of Trees or Plants Ordered	Size or Age	Price	

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Please give the names of your friends or neighbors whom you think are interested in fruit growing—space on opposite side; this will be much appreciated.

KELLY BROTHERS NURSERIES

DANSVILLE, N. Y.

Quantity	Names of Trees or Plants Ordered	Size or Age	Price
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Below are	e the addresses of friends interested in Fruit Growing. Please	e send them	your Catalo
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A Few Remarks to Our Customers

In the preceding pages of our catalogue we have given you a brief description of the trees we have to offer for spring also our method of doing business and should you decide to place your order with us for spring you may depend upon us giving you a square deal and trees that will yield you large profits in years to come as our facilities for handling stock is unsurpassed by any nursery in the country. It is not our policy to try to explain the methods and practice of other nurserymen for we believe all this would be a waste of time for us and the readers of our catalogue. What we want is your first order, it will then be up to us to retain you as a permanent customer.

We deliver good stock to you, but please remember the future success of your orchard does not stop here. Your trees require careful planting, proper pruning, cultivating, etc.

Care of Trees on Arrival

As soon as trees arrive get them from the station and unpack, direct sun, a drying wind or too much heat on the box or bale will be detrimental. Trees should not freeze but if they are frozen bury the package entirely or put it in the cellar without unpacking and allow it to thaw out gradually. If not frozen and you cannot plant at once, heel in the trees and cover tops and all with dirt. If the trees appear dry or shriveled through delay in transit unpack and soak the roots and tops in water for a few hours, then entirely bury them in a damp place until they regain their fresh appearance.

When ready to plant, get a tub, a barrel or a tank in which to carry the trees with the roots in water. Trim off all broken or bruised roots with a slanting cut on the under side. Dig roomy holes, fill in with fine soil about the little roots. Get the dirt into all crevices. Leave no air spaces. An inch or two on the surface should be loose as a mulch to conserve moisture.

At planting time or a month afterward (always in the spring) prune the newly set trees. Cut the main stems down to the height that you want to form the head of the tree. Opinions differ as to this, Commercial Peach Orchardists cut Peach trees down as low as 12 to 15 inches and stems of apples and other trees to less than 2 feet. However this is a matter that must be left to the judgment of each planter.

Holcomb, N. Y., Jan. 8, 1913.

Kelly Bros., Dansville, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—Being a distributor of your trees in this vicinity I wish to thank you for the careful attention you have extended me and also compliment you on the good quality of the trees you have shipped me. All of my customers are well pleased and I look forward to this season's dealings with you with pleasure.

Yours very truly,

John Martindale

Egypt, N. Y., Jan. 8, 1913

Kelly Bros., Dansville, N. Y.

Dear Sirs:—This may not interest you to as great an extent as it does me but I wish to say to you that all the people I sold trees to are highly pleased with them. Of course you know how many I sold and I expect to double that number this year. With best wishes, I am,

Yours very truly,

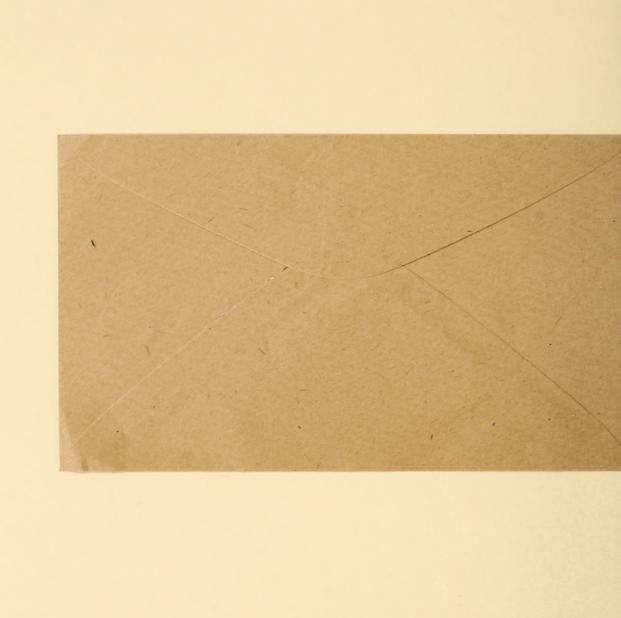


	Be Sure and Place YOUR Address Here.	
Name		Place Stamp
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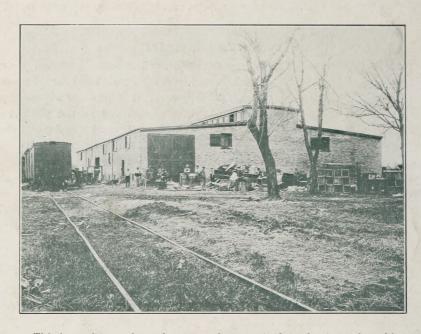
Kelly Brothers Nurseries,

Dansville,

N. Y.







This is a picture of our large, modern, up-to-date, frost-proof packing house where all of our trees are carefully graded, packed and placed on board of cars to all parts of the United States and Canada. You will notice that we have a private switch right to our packing house so there is no excuse for our trees and plants to be exposed before they leave our hands, and will always carry safely through to destination with our careful method of packing.